

The History of Milton Keynes IN 100 Objects... ...the first 15

From Bletchley Park...

- **A rotor from an Enigma Machine**, the famous code machine used by the Nazis in the Second World War and mastered by Bletchley Park code-breakers



- **An Enigma Key-List** that provided the key to the Enigma cipher for a month
- **Original film footage** of Enigma machines being used in the field

From The Cowper and Newton Museum...

- **Manillas**, the currency used in the slave trade
- **Sugar-cutters and a cone of sugar**. Sugar was a valuable commodity and boycotting the sugar trade was an effective tactic used by Abolitionists
- **The Wedgwood Anti Slavery Medallion** depicting the image that became the most recognisable symbol of the Abolitionist campaign



From Living Archive...

- **Sculpture by Scott Forrest of Hawtin Mundy** a local character whose memories inspired books, plays and songs.



- **Sound Post** containing six oral history interviews
 - Lord Jock Campbell – Chairman of Milton Keynes Development Corporation
 - Hawtin Mundy – his New Bradwell life
 - Brian O'Sullivan – on finding the Mammoth's (elephant's) Tusk
 - Jim Jones – his memories as a railway worker
 - Joan Garwood – her memories of rationing during World War II
 - Kathy Silleck – her experience of moving to Milton Keynes

- **The newly created On-Line Catalogue** giving access to your unique heritage – that of Milton Keynes people



From Milton Keynes City Discovery Centre...

- **Tusk of the Straight-Tusked Elephant** found during the construction of Willen Lake
- **The Bradwell Abbey Great Seal Matrix** used on documents of the medieval Benedictine priory
- **The Draft North Buckinghamshire New Town (designation) Order Map, 1966** proposing the new town area of Milton Keynes



From Milton Keynes Museum...

- **Model of a Railway Carriage** showing a proposed livery for the Royal Train



- **Crest from the Foreman's Association, Wolverton Railway Works** presented on completion of the Livery work for the Royal Train

- **Chamberlen Forceps**

demonstrating the links of two local doctors, John Radcliffe and Thomas Willis, to the Infirmary and Hospital in Oxford

